LUTHERAN WOMAN TODAY

SEPTEMBER 1991

Stewardship

Property of Graduate Theological Union

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ometimes I think I'll be 110 before I learn certain truths about being a follower of Jesus.

Take stewardship, for example. When I was a child and earned 50 cents, my parents told me that I should tithe. I did give my nickel, but I remember having trouble parting with what I considered "my money" (though it was easier than when I earned 25 cents and agonized over whether 2 cents or 3 cents constituted my tithe). "Remember the widow's mite," my parents advised

Soon I came to see that tithing and stewardship are not the same thing—another lesson from my parents. At age 12, using my talent to play the piano at Sunday school was part of my stewardship.

Over the years my ideas about stewardship have grown. Managing time and energy are the areas I have most difficulty with. Being a good steward means that rather than trying to do everything, I must preserve, protect and renew myself.

Helping others to reach their potential is also part of what I claim as my stewardship. By sharing what I have with others, and by valuing and affirming them, I can stand with

them and help them as they g self-esteem.

Stewardship of the earth's sources is a new concern for me has become clear that the earth a its resources will remain for fut generations only if we manage earth carefully—one of the first comands of a loving God who shap us from that same earth's dust.

I have also become more mind of my own influence. This ghand in hand with stewardship God's creation. All of us influe the people we encounter daily. can even change the course of earth by influencing people was make change happen in government and society. We can was members of Congress to press cleaner air, for feeding the hun in the world, for more just system and structures. It is possible. An is stewardship.

I am not yet 110, but I am slot learning that stewardship is the fering of my whole life to a grace God. God asks that of me—and of us. Better yet, God provides u in Jesus—both the will and way be ready stewards.

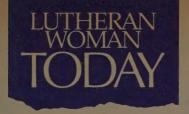
Esther Arne Fayetteville, North Carol

ON THE COVER: "The Widow's Mite," ink and watercolor by Barbar Knutson, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Lutheran Woman Today (ISSN 0896-209X), a magazine for all women, is developed by Women of Evangelical Lutheran Church in America and published 11 times a year by Augsburg Fortress. S. Fifth St., Box 1209, Minneapolis, MN 55440. Lutheran Woman Today editorial offices are at W. Higgins Rd., Chicago, IL 60631. Opinions expressed in the magazine are those of the writers except for the Women of the ELCA department and the Bible study, are not necessarily those of Wood the ELCA.

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Second class postage paid at Minneapolis, MN, and additional mailing offices. Annual subscript group rate, \$6.00 (regular or big print edition); individual \$8.00 (regular or big print edition); ou North America add \$5.00 for postage. Single copies, \$1.00 (regular or big print edition). Audiedition for the visually impaired, \$8.00. Payable in U.S. funds. POSTMASTER: Send address characteristic to Lutheran Woman Today Circulation, Box 1209, Minneapolis, MN 55440-1209.



September 1991 Volume 4 No. 8

EATURES

THANKFULNESS—AN APOSTOLIC AFTERTHOUGHT?

Edward H. Schroeder

Does gratitude have an attitude problem? • •

FAITHFUL STEWARDS: CULTIVATING LOVING RELATIONSHIPS

Anne Marie Nuechterlein
"Stewardship develops in the context
of our relationships."

•



14 WAR AND THE EARTH Diane Balin God's creation—a casualty of war?

17 GOD, THE ECONOMIST

Martin L. Kretzmann

A book review of "God the Economist" by M. Douglas Meeks.

26 JESUS WEPT

Phyllis N. Kersten

Stories of grief and comfort shared by

LWT readers. Part 2 in a series. © [] A

HOW TO SPEND OUR MONEY? A STEWARDSHIP STORY OF LOVE

Betty Lee Nyhus
A fictional women's group develops
guidelines for giving.

A

BEYOND THE CORNER OF THE HANKIE

Jenine E. Jordahl
Like our foremothers, Women of the ELCA
are stewards for the sake of the gospel. © 🛚 🛦





40 THE DESIGN OF DESIGNATED GIFTS

Bonnie Belasic

Women of the ELCA supports a variet ministries with designated gifts. • •

THANKOFFERINGS REACH IN, REACH OUT

Bonnie Belasic

OUR SMALLEST GIFT IS BLESS

DEPARTMENTS

- Cover meditation
 God is like . . .
 Letters
 Women of the ELCA
- 12 Give us this day 48 Devotion
- **19** Bible study **49** Bulletin board

For the benefit of Women of the ELCA participants, articles relative Women of the ELCA mission areas are marked with these symbols: action, \bullet = community and \bullet = growth. This issue explores steward a Women of the ELCA program aim which reads: "Respond to God's grallove by valuing self and others and by sharing responsibly in the steward of God's creation."

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An Apology

photographs which accomied the article on bachelor parin the June 1991 issue of Luran Woman Today were ended to show men in wedding ties and have no association the wedding referred to by author. The article reflects the vs of the author and not those ne men in the photograph. The gazine regrets any confusion sing readers to believe the tographs represented the men cribed in the article and apoles to those pictured for any ofse or embarrassment that has ilted.

Nancy J. Stelling, editor

er to Issue

eam Fulfilled" (May 1991 LWT) f particular interest to me. Lor-Madsen mentioned she had seen a woman pallbearer at a al—until she herself was able ve.

o years ago, when my 92-yearother passed away, she left two and seven daughters. At her fu-, the two oldest brothers and t sister led the funeral procesand the other six daughters the pallbearers! Yes, maybe people were a bit shocked, but ere happy . . . to do this last bit vice for our dear mother.

my daughter-in-law remarked, carried you and brought you this world, so it seems fitting you carry her as she leaves this

Grace Ingulsrud Forest Lake, Minnesota I am really excited about the June issue! When I first saw the front cover with all its roles for men listed. I wondered, "What's up?" As I thumbed through the magazine I noticed that eight of the lead articles were written by men.

At our men's Bible study and prayer fellowship in our church the next day, I challenged our members to borrow their wife's copy and read it. Years ago . . . I started reading my wife's Scope and studying its Bible study. I have maintained my separate subscription to Scope, and since to LWT, and have continued the Bible study.

I have long felt that as far as our last two or three synod headquarters were concerned, they considered us men either so good that we didn't need any help, or so helpless there was no help for us. I am encouraged our ELCA allowed a men's auxiliary to be reborn. I am very thankful for this bonus edition of LWT.

> Palmer Halverson Jackson, Minnesota

As a retail manager, married mother of two grown children, member of a Lutheran woman's circle and citizen of the developing suburbs of the Washington [D.C.] region, I feel that your magazine speaks in a homogenized, milk-toast way, with midwestern outlook, to my life in this area of the country.

I feel you are going overboard in giving us good-feeling theology and avoiding discussion of the really hard issues. You . . . have not had any articles that deal with the Persian Gulf war, about those with children or spouses serving our country in the

military... about patriotism and decision making... about women out of work because of the recession....

My son is currently helping to provide security escort service out of Turkey for the refugee relief efforts. To see your [May] cover with happygo-lucky children of the world makes me disgusted [enough] to consider that possibly you out there in Chicago have your heads in the sand.

Ruth E. Stierna Haymarket, Virginia

Most of the May LWT is excellent reading, but in the article "Vineyard with a Vision," [we object] to the word gay, because there is no clarification of the actions of the gay person.

People may be of gay orientation, but that does not mean that they must act upon their desires, nor inflict their lifestyle on others as a norm. . . . God does not condone this sin and never has. We wish that Ms. Anderson would have dealt more clearly with this issue in her otherwise well-written article.

Myrna Anderson and Women of the ELCA, Bethany Lutheran Church Cushing, Minnesota

Letter to Letter

A letter in the May issue spoke strongly against the pronunciation help for the word *ecumenism*.

I feel the Lutheran church already has the reputation of being an intellectual church. There is a danger of becoming exclusive on the basis of intelligence. That letter is an example of the feeling that Lutherans are too smart to need dictionary helps. Romans 15:1 says: "We who are strong ought to bear with the failings of the weak, and not to please ourselves.

There are different kinds strengths. Intelligence is only one them. What about the woman we can't pronounce ecumenism? House she feel after reading that ter? A slight twinge of shame? May that she's not good enough?

Leave the pronunciation helps for those who appreciate them a let everyone else just skip th

when they're reading.

Char Stone

Shumway, Illinois

It saddens me to read a letter I Dottie Ness's in the May 1991 iss To read the February 1991 LWT, of articles about brotherly love a the bringing together of all Go children in the name of God's lo and then to say that it is heretical share the Lord's words with obrothers and sisters who do not lieve as we do is very sad.

It seems to me that these "paga would be the very ones God wo want his words and love shared w most. To let them know and share our Lord might help them to find one true God. Or, at least see h lucky we as Christians are to hav God who loves us all.

Rochelle Anderson Gorman, California

Deadline approaches for special insert

The countdown is on: Only one more issue until LWT's November 1991 edition, with its 16-page insert on women and children who live in poverty. In order not to miss this special "working resource," subscribe by August 25. (See inside back cover for subscription blank.)

Thankfulness

An Apostolic Afterthought?

Edward H. Schroeder

"And—oh yes—be thankful."

These words, tacked on almost as an afterthought, are a loose translation of the apostle Paul's words in Colossians 3:15—his well-known advice about new life in Christ.

Thankfulness an afterthought? For Christians, that can hardly be true. Or can it? Before we answer, let's examine some New Testament accents on *gratitude*, *thanksgiving*, and *being grateful*—all biblical words that are variations on one "loaded" biblical Greek word, *eucharistia* (meaning "good grace"—more about that later).

Gratitude. First off, let it be said that gratitude is not an attitude in the New Testament. Nor is it something we do because of the way we feel. It is, rather, an action, a public event. The gospel calls us to thankfulness regardless of how we feel about things, including our feelings about ourselves or about those who receive our gratitude.

So, for example, the New Testament Greek term *agape* is not a feeling or attitude of warm fuzzies toward someone. Instead *agape* is the word that describes concrete help given to someone in need, despite how we might feel about that person. The meaning of *agape* becomes clear when our Lord bids us to love our enemies, to do genuine good for those whom we clearly don't like. Even if people are out to "do us in," we are called to be Christ's agent and do good for them. So it isn't gratitude, but something else, that motivates people to "do love."

Thankfulness. The same is true for thankfulness. Thankfulness is, in fact, an "after-thought" in that it comes after, or second, in the sequence of

The gospel calls us to thankfulness regardless of how we feel about things.

EMBER 1991 5

Thankfulness

Christian living. *Faith* comes first. It is important to get that sequence straight and understand the reason for it. Let me illustrate what I am talking about with an example from my childhood.

At Trinity Lutheran Church in rural Coal Valley, Illinois, where I grew up, we sang an old hymn each year during Lent that had Jesus saying these words to us: "I gave My life for thee; What hast thou giv'n for Me?" That hymn brought shudders to me every time I heard it. It shattered. For no matter how hard I tried, my "gratitude attitude" was trivial when compared to Christ's cross.

Thankfulness is, in fact, an "after-thought" . . . in the sequence of Christian living. Faith comes first.

Christ had done so much for me, the hymn reverberated, and now it was my turn. And it sure sounded to me as if Christ was asking for equity. When instructed that I should do this or that "out of gratitude," I could only look inside myself and verify that, sure enough, I

was "out of" gratitude. Not just fresh out. Constantly out.

Through years of grappling with God's gospel, I now know the missing link in the sequence from that piece of childhood piety: faith. I knew Christ had done all that stupendous stuff for me, but somehow it didn't seem to count if I didn't fork over something equally comparable in return. My constant dilemma was that I was out of gratitude. Small wonder—faith was missing!

Thankfulness is not, strictly speaking, a response to the gospel. Faith is—and the only proper one. The gospel does indeed call for a response. But the response it calls for is this: *Trust me*. The Lutheran confessions hold that the gospel is a promise. But before we can give thanks for promises, we have to trust the promises. Gratitude is a *consequence* of trusting. So the Christian sequence is, rightly: Christ's promise to us, our trusting that promise, then the fruits of faith—a veritable garden of them—one of which is "and—oh yes—be thankful."

My move from childhood piety to understanding later in life is the switch from what, in theology, we call *law-imperatives* to *grace-imperatives*. Or, more simply put, from law-commands to grace-commands. Both commands issue from

— Thankfulness —

God, so we dare not say that people initiate the law-commands, while God initiates the other kind. No, both come from God. The big difference is that Christ is in the second set, and not in the first set. And what a colossal difference that is! Law-commands have a prior condition to them: "If you do this for God, then God will do that for you." Remember the lawyer in Luke 10 who wanted something from God-eternal life-but kept trying to justify himself, finally asking, in effect, "Who is this neighbor I am supposed to love?" In the Good Samaritan parable that follows, Jesus is trying to tell him-and all of us who will listen-that Godin-Christ acts first, justifying all of us who are "half-dead" in our sins. Then are we freed, and grace-filled, to see that we are neighbors to all kinds of people. We can perform actions of thankfulness and helpfulness, in faithful response to God and on behalf of others.

For in the grace-commands, Christ is primary and comes first. The commands that follow Christ are the *consequence*—not the *condition*—of the divine action. The grace commands read like this: "Since God-in-Christ did such-

and-so, therefore you do so-and-such." Listen to the pattern in this classic grace-command: ". . . in Christ God was reconciling the world to himself. . . . [therefore] on behalf of Christ, be reconciled. . . ."

Law-commands are something we've "got to do." Grace commands are something we "get to do."

But we are not called upon to do something for Jesus. Jesus is not the beneficiary in the action commanded. Nor are we the beneficiaries. As in the parable of the Good Samaritan, other people are the beneficiaries of those actions. (Compare Ephesians 2:13-22.) And all of the action issues out of God's grace-initiative, flowing from folks who trust it.

The law-commands are something we've *got* to do; the grace-commands are something we *get* to do." The former involves coercion, the latter has no coercion, except Christian freedom! The former lays assignments upon us with built-in sanctions; the latter opens new doors for innovative sanctification. We get to choose the good we are eager to do for another! Thanksgiving is one of the grace-commands

EMBER 1991 7

= Thankfulness =

that no one can really tell us how to do, though conversation within the Christian community can help shape us as we seek to do our faith-filled response.

Perhaps the earlier attack on the "gratitude attitude" was overstated. Attitudes are important for how we live and act. But if our attitudes, even our grateful ones, remain only inside us and are linked to how we feel, then Christian thanksgiving is not yet happening.

The book of Psalms grasps the point well when, in Psalms 106, 107 and others, it repeatedly advises us to "go public" with our faith-filled response: "Oh, give thanks to the Lord." Why? "For God is good." How good? Good enough that "God's mercy endures forever." Thanksgiving really is an afterthought, for it is *after* encountering God's mercy in Christ, and trusting it, that we go public. In biblical thanksgiving, there is always an audience, for someone outside the

Thanksgiving is one of the grace-commands that no one can really tell us how to do.

thanksgiver is on the receiving end when thanksgiving happens.

Remember the term *eucharistia* mentioned earlier? When we unpack the word, we find it means "good grace," from *eu* (good) and *charistia*

(grace). When we as sinners begin to trust Christ and see in Christ God's move toward us in grace, then all is good. And we receive that goodness "with thankfulness," as Paul says in Colossians 3:16, as a grace gift. And we "go public."

Even if no one thinks to ask us what is going on, we can tell them anyway. Look what God-in-Christ has done for us! God gives us gifts in our lives. We receive them and we can give them away.

Thanksgiving is one Christian proposal for going public with what has been private experience. It's no big deal. It's

simply faith in action proceeding from the center of our being to the edges of all the crazyquilt patchworks that are our lives.

Or as the apostle Paul might have put it, "Oh, yes—by the way—be thankful." ■

The Rev. Dr. Edward Schroeder teaches in the Crossings Community, based in St. Louis, Missouri. Crossings focuses on theological education for ministry in daily life.



FAITHFUL STEWARDS:

ultivating Loving Relationships

Anne Marie Nuechterlein

God calls us to be faithful stewards—not only with our money, but in all dimensions of our relationships. In fact, the word "steward" in Scripture comes from the Greek word oikos, which means "house" and refers to the community of God.

God's house is found not only in our churches, but wherever people nurture and build up one another in love. When God calls us to be stewards, God invites us to embrace one another—our families, our friends, our neighbors, and the people with whom we interact in the places we live. Our stewardship develops in the context of our relationships. To do stewardship means to be in loving relationships with God, with ourselves, and with one another.

Loving God

We love God and want to give fully of ourselves to God because of God's great gift to us in Jesus' living, dying and rising for us. Jesus is the model giver, and gives us the power to be stewards who cultivate and nurture healthy relationships.

Like all healthy relationships, our relationship with God involves trust. Through God's power, we seek to trust God's deep love, forgiveness and acceptance. When we trust God, we talk with God about our needs and listen to God's words to us. And our relationship with God involves believing God's love for us. To understand God's love for us we need

to recall our Baptism. In and through Baptism, God chose us and claims us. When Jesus was baptized, God proclaimed from heaven, "This is my beloved Son, with whom I am well pleased" (Matthew

God's house is found not only in our churches, but wherever people nurture and build up one another in love.



EMBER 1991

By remembering our Baptism daily, we allow God to renew us with all the strength and hope of God's promises.

3:17). When we are baptized, God is also proclaiming: This is my beloved daughter, with whom I am well pleased. By remembering our Baptism daily, we allow God to renew us with all the strength and hope of God's promises.



Like many of us, Leslie, baptized as an infant, is active in her church and committed to God. Yet Leslie struggles with believing that God loves and forgives her. Because she wants to know God's love for her and to deepen her relationship with God, she decides to repeat to herself the promises that God made to her in Baptism. When she wakes up in the morning and before she goes to bed at night, she says these words of God to herself, "I am God's beloved daughter, with whom God is well pleased" and "God gives me new life in Christ, and loves and forgives me for all my sins."

When we repeat phrases to ourselves—positive or negative—we slowly begin to believe them. Leslie had so often concentrated on her sins and repeated negative phrases from Scripture to herself that she believed she was a terrible Christian. When Leslie realized that she was not trusting God's love for her, she prayed that God would help her speak and believe God's words of love and forgiveness for her. By beginning to recall the positive words of God's ever-present love and forgiveness, Leslie came to believe that Jesus loves her, forgives her and accepts her as she is.

Loving Ourselves

Being faithful stewards of God's gifts involves loving ourselves. We need time alone, time to reflect about who we are as a person, a unique and precious child of God.

In order to do so, we need to create a hospitable space for ourselves to *be* rather than to *do*. We need to be quiet, to listen. We need to be alone with ourselves. We need to be open to God.

How has God gifted you? In what ways can you nurture and support these gifts and yourself in the process? What are your needs and longings?

As we seek to be faithful stewards of God's gift of ourselves, we need to keep in touch with our inner thoughts and feelings. Leslie learned that. We, too, need to feel a sense of connection and wholeness with ourselves as individuals. By listening to our inner beings, we can be more clear about our needs and seek to meet them in healthy ways.

Loving Others

In response to God's love for us, we also seek to be faithful stewards who cultivate loving relationships with others. We live as faithful members of the community of God when we develop nurturing relationships with people with whom we can express our deepest feelings of hurt, fear, anxiety, excitement, joy and peace. Nurturing relationships warm our hearts, enliven our beings, strengthen our self-esteem, support us when we hurt and renew us in our lives as faithful stewards of God.

As people of God, we need to feel connected with others. We cannot live in isolation from one another. We could *exist* without relationships, but that would be a dull, dreary existence. We live a vibrant, spirited life when we experience loving relationships. While relationships can cause us pain and turmoil, they can also bring much joy and satisfaction.

In the movie "Dances with Wolves," John J. Dunbar lives by himself at a deserted army post on the frontier. While he *exists* on his own with his horse, Cisco, and a wolf, he *lives* a much fuller, richer life when he develops relationships with the neighboring Sioux tribe. The Sioux tribe becomes his family and community, and deeply enriches his life. As John J. Dunbar discovers, caring relationships help us know a sense of family and community with one another, and give our lives beauty and depth.

Stewardship is about relationships. As faithful stewards, God calls us to relate with others in genuine, life-giving ways. We want to live in loving relationships of trust and mutuality with others, and give and receive support and nurture to others in the community of Christ. And it is God who empowers us to cultivate relationships with people with whom we can be authentic. In so doing, we discover our hopes, goals, and dreams, as well as a clearer sense of our identity as faithful stewards in the community of God.

Dr. Anne Marie Nuechterlein is associate professor of contextual education at Wartburg Theological Seminary, Dubuque, Iowa. She has a Ph.D. in marriage and family therapy and has served as deaconess, campus minister, and parish pastor. She and her husband, Dana Thalheimer, have a baby daughter, born in April.



TEMBER 1991 11

God's "S" Promp

Donna Hacker Smith

How many dishes would there be? I wondered.

Somehow I had managed to provide a Christmas d ner for 10 adults and five children, a feat I had nev before accomplished. I was pleased with the day. N if only I could find my kitchen counters, buried son where under the debris.

"Hey! Grandma!" A voice from behind me caught attention. It was Lindsay, my 3½-year-old stepgrardaughter.

"Hey, what do you want?" I replied.

She grinned shyly. "I want you," she said.

"I want you!" Her quiet voice drove away my precupation with the appearance of my kitchen. Somebowanted me. Somebody I loved a great deal was a manding my presence. This was not a moment of chi ish petulance. It was, rather, a moment of God's grand as I sank into the sofa with Lindsay curled up my lap, I realized it was, also, a moment of stewardship.

Yes—stewardship! Like most Lutherans at one till or another, I used to think that stewardship was a coof pledging a reasonably generous amount of money the church. And by keeping that pledge, I was exercing good stewardship, wasn't I?

Not necessarily! I have come to learn, and par through people like Lindsay, that stewardship is mo often a case of listening to God's prompts to give, a

being ready to respond.

Stewardship means listening for God's word that am to give of myself to others. "Pastor, do you have minute?" can be a true "S" prompt, a call for an act stewardship. Occasionally a parishioner's statement "You are too busy, Pastor—really—don't worry abord coming to see me," brings me up short. At those time I have been projecting the wrong image, one of a steard whose personal time is too valuable to be spent even the Master's purposes. When I lose track of he my Lord would have me spend myself, I am remind of God's will through the voices of others.



"Hey!
Grandma! I
want you," she
said. Somebody
I loved a great
deal was
demanding
my presence.

few years ago when we were visiting my stephter's family in San Diego, another stepgrandhter, Samantha, begged me to read her some bedstories. Tired from a day of sightseeing, I rather
gingly consented. We settled on her bed and I beo read. By the third book, the reading had become
re and I wondered if she would ever become sleepy.
st as I resigned myself to another book, Samantha
d, reached up her hand to touch my cheek and
"I love you, Grandma."

love you, too," I responded. What a great lesson is stewardship God has taught me through these ren! My gestures of giving are never as generous would wish. Reading a story or cooking a dinner not change the world, or win it over for the Lord. God rewards my weak efforts with gifts I could rearn" on my own. So with stewardship: our toolimited ability to give is met with incalculable rds. The giver so easily becomes the gifted!

wardship is also God prompting me to take care use my time and self. "I can't take time to be sick; so important!" my inner voice tells me. Yet an illas mild as a cold can be a reminder that I have neglecting myself.

the times when I am sure that I am the prime er of those around me, God comes with gentle nders that I am God's own, not my own. All that I rever will be is a resource at God's disposal—an ument to fulfill God's loving will. If I do not exercise are, I abuse what God has provided me in order tve.

e need to hear God's prompts to stewardship, reing us that all we are—or ever will be—is found in God's own plan, not in our limited agendas. God not want our 10 percent, our token gifts, or our yrlike demonstrations of self-sacrifice, *unless* they bunded upon a genuine response to the call. "I want

want you!" God says. And when we respond and give ourselves, there come rewards and gifts of a that we human beings could never imagine.

Rev. Donna Hacker Smith, pastor of Prince of Peace eran Church in Freeport, Illinois, alternates with melang as columnist for "Give Us This Day."



Samantha reached up her hand to touch my cheek and said, "I love you, Grandma."
. . . The giver so easily becomes the gifted!



EMBER 1991 13

and the Earth

Diane Balin

Many Christians are becoming increasingly awa of our God-given duty to be faithful stewards creation. The command of Genesis 2:15 to "till [tl garden] and keep it" rings in our ears.

Yet humankind has seldom been a faithful caretaker of creation; during times of conflict, we seem to be even more forgetful of God's command. In the Beatitudes, peacemakers are called the children of God. But what does God call us when we wage war on each other? And have we stopped to give thought to the effects wars are having on God's gift to us—the earth?

Recent events in the Persian Gulf remind us that all is not fair in war. We have come to respect certain codes of behavior in times of war, and we call breaches of these codes "crimes against humanity." But who will convict us of crimes we commit during war that are crimes against the earth—God's creation? Maiming, death and destruction are only the immediate effects of war; the ecological damage we have done will be felt for generations to

The earth tries desperately to heal itself of the scars re-

ceived when we human ings wage war. Where on there was only death and struction, new plant grow and life spring up. But wi each new onslaught of creasingly deadly war tec nology, nature is having le and less success reboundi from our blows. Those w know how to read the lar scape notice the stunt growth that attempts to cov destroyed buildings, and t battlefields that are never rich in diversity or as matu in stature as vegetation in v affected areas. A careful plorer of Civil War batt fields, for instance, still fin remains of earthwork trenches and other alter tions to the landscape whi nature has not been able fully reclaim.

"Modern" wars have heven more lasting and dead environmental effects. Construction workers and eventildren in England occasionally come across unexploded bombs from World War II



Kurdish refugees have stripped the trees in the Isikveren camp to make fires for cooking.

h deadly results. Pilots flyover Vietnam report that he areas still look like the ter-covered surface of the on. Areas that 20 years were sprayed with the deent popularly known as ent Orange" have become nent-hard and no longer port lush tropical growth. ple who came into even inect contact with this chemoften later developed cantheir children often eloped birth defects.

or the earth and for future erations, this year's war in Persian Gulf may be the tliest vet. The economic olications are immense. cost of waging war reducthe amount of money that be given to social services programs to meet basic nan needs. In this sense, r makes all of us poorer less secure, and lowers quality of life. The cost of war will not only be paid the countries who were inved militarily, but also by rounding countries.

"The Lord God said, It is not good that the man should be alone'. . . . So out of the ground the Lord God formed every animal of the field and every bird of the air, and brought them to the man...." (Genesis 2:18-19, New Revised Standard Version). God called forth animal life to enrich creation; yet the very human creation who was given dominion over everything in the air, on land, and in the water, has now heaped incredible devastation on that animal life.

Oil spills in the Persian Gulf have fouled over 100 miles of pristine beaches, salt marshes and tidal waters that once harbored a vital shrimp industry, sensitive bird nesting areas, and feeding grounds for migratory birds.

Cleanup is a slow process, and the full extent of the damage cannot be assessed for years because of the magnitude of the disruption to biological systems and their slow



Raw sewage flows into the Diala River in Baghdad. The sewage-treatment plants have been damaged by war.

recovery rates. "Displaced oil" is not only deadly in water, but also in the air. Thick smoke from burning oil wells has turned day into night as it blocks sunlight from reaching the earth. Potentially, the smoke could contribute to a drop in the earth's surface temperature.

This oily smoke also causes problems when it falls on the land as "black rain," dropping harmful petrochemicals to the earth. Changes in weather systems and polluted rain are also likely to reduce crop production throughout the entire region and contaminate both food and drinking water with cancer-causing chemicals. There is concern that the bombing of nuclear and chemical weapons sites has released toxic materials into the air, water and soil. These derivative materials, including PCBs, are more persistent and toxic than to original chemical weapons.

Finally, the mere presen of military hardware in t Gulf has caused problem The weight of military vel cles and tanks compacts soi In many countries of Africa critical cropland has alrea been lost due to soil compa tion caused by military a tion. Deserts are especia fragile ecosystems; dese ecology is easily degraded b cause plants cannot grow compacted soil. The Moja Desert in the United Stat and the deserts of Libya st bear the scars of tank trac from World War II—almo 50 years ago!

Both the natural and h man-made environments the Persian Gulf have be traumatized—people, cutures, cities, water, air a land. How long will the region take to recover, to what d gree will it recover, and wh will be lost forever?

These are tough question and tough to answer. But possible the real question, light of the charge God gate to humanity in Genesis 1 at 2, is whether the world continue to wage wars, ear one more environmental devastating than the last.

Diane Balin, Riverside, It nois, is an environment teacher-trainer and prograp presenter who holds a doct ate in counseling and pechology. She is also a moth of three and a member of Acension Lutheran in Riverside.

EVIEW

I the Economist M. Douglas Meeks cress Press, 1989; 95, paperback, 258 pp.).

God the Economist

Martin L. Kretzmann

ne is tempted to suggest that the label "Beware, this book can be dangerous" be attached to Douglas Meeks' book "God the Economist." Why? Because it's a book that can make you think about your lifestyle and cause you to listen carefully to any sermon claiming to be the Word of God for

toďay's world.

It will also make you think twice when someone rules a subject out of bounds because it is not "religion," or when the lid on the little box marked "church" is taken off. Then suddenly "church" is all over the place: in politics, the marketplace, wherever the world impinges on our lives because we

are human beings living in God's world.

Is religion the main subject of the Bible? We have been trained to think that way. However, Douglas Meeks quotes hundreds of Bible passages to show that the Bible is really a book about "life" which, properly understood, is religion. Meeks uses the term oikos (Greek for "house" or "home"—see the February issue of LWT, "Oikoumene") to describe broadly the "means to livelihood," claiming that oikos is basic to understanding both the church and politics. And Scripture supports that understanding when the Old Testament talks of the "house" of Israel, and the New Testament speaks of the "household" of the church.

The author reads the Bible with fresh eyes and finds wisdom about life and death, good and evil, order and disorder, the governance of the state, the significance of the home—and sees it all as part of

TEMBER 1991 17

God's economy. He shows how the God language of the Bible and economic language are fundamentally related.

othing I have said so far should frighten the prospective reader. Still it would be misleading to say that the

book is easy reading. It isn't. Perhaps that is why the author offers a "brief map of our journey." In the first three chapters he describes the situation in North American society and how the church has kept God and economy separated, how theology and political economy might be correlated, and how all this affects our theology and our economy. In an interesting key chapter titled "God the Economist," Meeks traces the biblical basis for using the term economist as a metaphor for God.

The final three chapters—about half the book—deal with "God and Property," "God and Work," and "God and Needs." Each chapter examines the current social understanding of its respective term, and then relates it to our confession of God as the Trinity and the communal relationship that exists among the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit.

The reader who believes North American society is perfect will find much of Meeks' description of it disturbing. There is, however, no screaming in the book, or even overly loud denunciation. But the quiet way of the author, in which good theology is related to everyday problems, has a way of piercing the mind and heart.

We know there are societies in the world that have value systems quite different from those that seem to predominate in North America. Not all people in our global village believe that the infinite accumulation of this

world's goods is the ultimate goal life. It is good to find a book that se the warp and woof of life on a diffe ent level—in our relationships to o another, to nature and to God.

It is not likely that the image "God the Economist" will find its w into the church's liturgy. Still, in lig of what Meeks says, we can "unpactour traditional images and terrand search for the full depth a width of meaning they contain.

In the gospel of John we read t delightful story of the conversati between Jesus and the Samarit woman at the well. When she fe Jesus is getting too personal, s changes the subject and talks about a place of worship. Jesus repli "Pneuma O theos," saying that G is spirit and that true worshipers w worship God in spirit and tru (John 4:23-24). What this mea comes through more clearly in one the final conversations Jesus h with his disciples. Jesus answe Philip's request, ". . . show us t Father" with these words: "Whoev has seen me has seen the Fathe (John 14:8-9).

One gets the impression from the book that the author has met Gethe Economist in Jesus, the Carpeter from Nazareth.

Martin Kretzmann, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, served for 33 years as a missionary in India, then as a mis sion staff executive for the Luthera

Church—Missouri Synod. He is a member of Capitol Drive Lutheran Church, an Evangelical Lutheran Church in America congregation in Milwaukee.

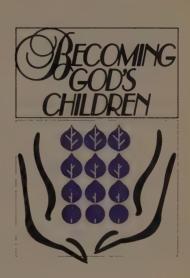


Session 9

Be a Blessing

Eva and Michael Rogness

Study Text: Genesis 12:1-3



20th century has been called "the century of the refugee." re people have left their homelands since 1900 than ever bein history. That is why the story of Abraham speaks so comingly to us. Abraham and Sarah emigrated from their home new land and theirs is a journey in faith.

ening Prayer

gracious God, you called Abraham and the from their home into a new land. In its of changes in our lives, guide us with its sure presence. Strengthen our faith it the courage to follow your call into wentures. In Jesus' name we pray.

derstanding the Word e Beginning of God's People

d Genesis 12:1-3. These three verses are among the most portant in the Old Testament. God begins a new work among man beings by making a covenant with Abraham. Note that a covenant has four parts:



Bible study

■ Part 1 (verse 1): "Go from your country and your kindred and your father's house to the land that I will show you."

To bring something new into this world, Abraham needed to leave his familiar surroundings. How emphatic are these few words! "Leave your country," God tells him. "Leave your relatives." Even more pointed, "Leave your father's house." In those days, when families lived for generations together, this was like telling Abraham to cut all the ties to his home and family and past life. These were radical changes that God was asking for!

Abraham's response was pure faith. With no guarantee and no assurances, he simply trusted in God's promise and set out. He must have been scared to set out with all his worldly goods in a caravan, headed for a country he knew nothing about. His emotions must have been mixed. Along with the eagerness, anticipation, and excitement of following God's call, there must have been fear, anxiety, uncertainty and the sadness of farewell.

The story doesn't say, but we can imagine that Abraham and Sarah's friends thought they were foolhardy, much like the people who ridiculed Noah for building a boat on dry ground!

1

In what ways is Abraham's story similar to that of a refugee today? In what ways is it different?

Part 2 (verse 2a): "I will make of you a great nation."

Abraham must have puzzled over that! He and his wife Sarah were childless, yet off they went following the promise, with no idea how the promise would be fulfilled.

Part 3 (verse 2b): "I will bless you, and make your name great."

It is normal for us to wonder who will remember us and what they will say about us after our days on this earth have ended. God's promise to Abraham was that he would be the founder of a great nation and a people who would remember him as a man of faith. However, God did not tell him when or how this would happen. Abraham's name was indeed remembered when, centuries later, Paul wrote: "Abraham believed God, and it was reckoned to him as righteousness" (Romans 4:3).

Part 4 (verse 2c): "You will be a blessing."

being blessed and being a blessing to others are connected in a promise. How would this come about? Once again, Abraham ld not know. Abraham could not know how any one aspect of a covenant promise would be fulfilled. But he and Sarah set a response of trust and faith.

2

at people in the Bible, or from church ory (both ancient and modern), can you ne who left familiar surroundings and tured by faith into the unknown? What you remember of their stories?



terpreting the Word e Covenant of God's People

I's call to Abraham established Abraham's descendants as the enant people of the Old Testament. But Abraham and Sarah's ry also stands as an example to us, as we too are called by God ict in faith. Let us look again at the four parts of God's promise see how closely our stories parallel theirs.

Part 1: "Go from your country."

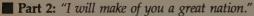
Paith is always a venture. Faith in God means to leave someng old for a new life. That is not easy. Many of us are uneasy the travel into new areas without advance planning and without though the two wing what awaits us, though today it is usually easier to turn and and return home than it was in Abraham and Sarah's

For Christians, we can compare leaving our old country to the ansing of the baptismal waters. By drowning in Baptism, we to the old life and rise up in the newness of Jesus' resurrection. Detism here is connected to discipleship, for we believe, as Luth-Small Catechism says, that in Baptism "our sinful self . . . and be drowned through daily repentance; and that day after a new self should arise."

As disciples, we leave old ways whenever we follow God into a v pattern of living. Discipleship includes both anxiety and exement, just as the journey did for Abraham and Sarah.

3

Think back to an instance when you have entered a new chapter in your life, and had some kind of promise to sustain and uphold you. What was it like? Share your remembrances, if you wish.



We long to be part of something greater than ourselves, something that gives meaning to our lives. As Christians we are citizens of something greater than an earthly nation. We are part of the Christian church. What a glorious unity we experience as Christians with the worldwide, centuries-old communion of saints in the church! In a document from the third century, Cyprian, the Bishop of Carthage, wrote to his friend:

"It is a bad world, Donatus, an incredibly bad world. But I have discovered in the midst of it a quiet and holy people who have learned a great secret. They have found a joy which is a thousand times better than any of the pleasures of our sinful life. They are despised and persecuted, but they care not. They are masters of their souls. They have overcome the world. These people, Donatus, are Christians . . . and I am one of them."

Many of you know Christians from other countries in this world, and you know what a deep and precious bond this marvelous fellowship of Christians is!

Part 3: "I will bless you, and make your name great."

We have been blessed by the Word of God made flesh, Jesus our Lord! What a great name we have been given as Jesus' followers: "Christians." John Bunyan's great 17th-century classic, "Pilgrim's Progress," tells about a pilgrim on his way through life. He is coming from the City of Destruction and seeks entry to a stately palace. The porter asks where he is coming from and where he is going.

"I am come from the City of Destruction," answers the pilgrim, "and am going to Mount Zion."

"What is your name?" asks the porter.

The answer is one of the greatest statements in the entire book: "My name is now Christian, but my name at the first was Graceless."

"My name is Christian!" What a wonderful name! And it has become our name.

art 4: ". . . so that you will be a blessing."

ote that God does not say "do" or "give" a blessing, but rather a blessing. First we "become" certain kinds of people—name-cople of faith—because we have been blessed by God. Blessstart with God, as the much-beloved verse, John 3:16 tells For God so loved the world that he gave his only Son. . . ." verse then continues with God's blessing to us, "that whoever eves in him should not perish but have eternal life." Once sed, we become and pass on the blessing to others.

4

t people can you name who have been a ssing to you? How have they been a ing? Share at least one specific exam-

ing the Word grims and Sojourners



are all refugees in two senses: first, we are pilgrims and urners on this earth. Pilgrims are those who set off from a ain place with a destination and purpose. We are sojourners he sense that we find resting places all along this journey, but never pitch our tents permanently. Like Christian in "Piln's Progress," we too are on our way to Mount Zion.

econd, every time we step out in faith into a new venture, we following the pattern of Abraham. As God sent Abraham and the to a far country, so God sends us continuously into a life diventure and uncharted waters.

he very nature of faith is to launch out in trust. Every reuse of faith is to leave the old ways. In Baptism we die to this ld, in order that we might live in this world in the newness ging God's children.

very time we pray, "Thy will be done," we are saying, "Show ow to follow your ways of living."

very time your congregation ventures forward in a new proor in new forms of service, you are leaving old ways of doing gs and responding in faith. We might be fearful and anxious, we are also challenged and excited.

1975, a Minnesota community was experiencing a severe omic decline, like so many others. It received a form letter Lutheran Social Services about the urgent need to find sponfor Asian refugee families.

Bible study

"How will we find them jobs?" members of the community wondered. "We have unemployed people right here in our congregation."

"Where will they live?" others asked. "Apartments are expensive and our church budget is already behind."

So the discussion went, but in the end the community was convinced that the need was so crucial that a willing committee was formed—including even the skeptics. One August day a family of 12 stepped off the plane. The Asians and Americans were equally awkward. Only one of the people who had just arrived spoke some English.

The next years were a rich blessing. The Vietnamese family was blessed by the people in the congregation, and the hosts were richly blessed by the arrival of new friends. Lives were enriched and blessed, because people said, "Let's leave some of our old ways and launch out into new areas of service!"

5

When has your congregation, or members of it, embarked on a new venture in faith, accompanied by uncertainty and eager anticipation? Describe the venture.

Blessed and Blessings

"To bless" and "blessings" are among the most overused cliches in the religious vocabulary. What does it mean to be blessed, and how can we be a blessing to others? We need to rescue this wonderful word from empty usage and restore its rich fabric of meaning. Sunday after Sunday we listen to the final blessing before returning home, "The Lord bless you and keep you . . ." We have a warm feeling when someone says to us, "Bless you," often with only a vague idea what it might mean.

In the Old Testament a blessing had tremendous active power. People were more aware than we are today of the concept that words do not just stand for something else, but carry the very power of what they express. When God spoke the words of creation, those very words brought into being what God said. So it is with blessing. When God says, "You are blessed," the blessing happens as the words are spoken. As we hear the words, "The Lord bless you . . . ," the blessing is being conveyed immediately! The words carry the action.

Therefore, in the Old Testament a blessing could not be revoked. Isaac could not take back the blessing he mistakenly gave



acob, thinking it was Esau (Genesis 27:32-33). The blessing been spoken and it was done.

n the Old Testament, parents blessed their children to send

m into the future with love and support.

ikewise, this understanding of blessing is part of the cultural itage of Hispanic families. Before a child learns how to pray, child is first taught to ask for a blessing from his or her loved s. The children say, "Blessings" (which literally means "bentions"), and the adult responds, "May God's blessings be with always."

here is another important aspect of blessing. Just as Abran and Sarah are to "be a blessing," so God blesses us to be a sing to others. We do not just convey or express blessing. Fing been blessed, we now are a blessing, in active and cone witness and service, in our families, and in our churches our communities. [Watch for the January 1992 LWT, which have blessing as its theme.—ED.]

oking Ahead

aham and Sarah became a blessing to succeeding generations use by following God's call in faith, their life underwent radchange. The topic for Session 10 will be change. We will look omans 12:1-2, and consider what changes come into our lives hildren of God's creation when we live in God's promise.

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and Michael Rogness are the Bible study writers for sessions (September through December) of "Becoming God's Children: cal Perspectives on Stewardship."

a Rogness is currently staff chaplain at Abbott Northwestern ital in Minneapolis, Minnesota, and has written studies for school students in the church. The Rev. Dr. Michael Rogness, rely a parish pastor, is professor of pastoral theology and letics (preaching) at Luther Northwestern Theological Semus, St. Paul, Minnesota.

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Stories of Grief and Comfort

second in a series

Phyllis N. Kersten

"Blessed are they that mourn: for they shall be comforted" (Matthew 5:4, King James Version).

ver 180 individuals—some in their circle meetings, most on their own—answered Lutheran Woman Today's call in November 1990 to tell the story of how these words from Jesus' Sermon on the Mount came true for them. The July/August 1991 LWT presented the first sampling of their responses.

In the midst of their mourning, they were comforted—by what friends, neighbors or relatives said, in person or over the phone. They were comforted by what people wrote—in long letters, short notes or on sympathy cards. They received comfort from poetry—sometimes original, sometimes a borrowed verse that had comforted another. And they were frequently comforted, they said, by actions that spoke louder than words.

For example, a woman from Wisconsin told how her dear friend Shirley came to her door after her husband died and said, "I am yours for the day," and proceeded to take phone

calls and help with arrangements.

Donna from Minnesota had a similar experience when her mother died. "She was my right arm in almost everything I did," Donna explained, "so I was numb and unable to function properly." But Boni, a high school friend, came "not only with open arms and a listening ear," but "with a notebook with tabs. She organized all of our scattered notes about food, flowers, arrangements."

"It was like some bad dream repeating itself, but having someone who wasn't afraid to walk through it with me made it possible to endure."

vas not anything he said. It was something he did. He looked at me very compassionate eyes and handed me a tissue to dry my tears."

Several women wrote about friends and neighbors who offered room in their homes for out-of-town relatives who came for a funeral. Betty, from Uniondale, New York, expressed appreciation for a friend who "came and spent the night when

my sister died."

Susan in Fargo told about the many ways in which her friend Laurie, in her old hometown, helped her when her mother, "the most significant person in my life," died. "She opened her home to me so that I had a place to stay, she packed boxes, she listened for hours while I cried, remembered special moments with me, encouraged me when I felt I couldn't return to work."

Eight months later, when Susan's father died from complications of surgery, "Laurie's arms were open wide" again. "It was like some bad dream repeating itself, but having someone who wasn't afraid to walk through it with me made it possible to endure."

Jacquelyn told about living in Lemon Grove, California, when her father died in Minnesota. "I felt it was impossible to go to comfort mother as I had four children, the youngest three-and-a-half months old, and my husband was an overly busy M.D." Then neighbors—young newlyweds—came over and offered to care for the children. "Would you trust us to do this for you?" they asked. Jacquelyn wrote: "I did!"

Janet from Hobart, Indiana, remembers the simple kindness of a funeral director, Jim, when she was crying at her mother-in-law's casket. "It was not anything he said. It was something he did. He looked at me with very compassionate eyes and handed me a tissue to dry my tears. . . . That very act of kindness did more for me than any words could have."

Ethel from Wisconsin knew about tangible acts of kindness, too, when most of the family dairy herd was killed in a barn fire. A man from town offered the use of his heavy equipment "to dig a pit and bury the cows at no cost to us. A neighbor across the road with an empty dairy barn took the remaining heifers and cows and tinkered with the old watering cups to get them working. . . . Fellow parishioners brought wagon loads of hay and straw."

Tamra, from Minnesota, told of a year filled with terrible

hen most of the family dairy herd was killed in a barn fire, a man from town offered the use of his heavy equipment to dig a pit and bury the cows at no cost to us."

EMBER 1991 27

"Your doubts are normal and are encompassed within your faith—e Jesus doubted. But the good news is this—God has not abandoned y

uncertainty and loss: family illness, unemployment, financial stress, pregnancy and a new baby, the sale of their home and a move to a new community, away from a supportive church home. She wrote to a pastor-friend in Washington state, Terrie Rae, and shared her feelings of being abandoned by God and doubting God's presence in her life. Terrie Rae called her a short time later to offer this support and encouragement: "Your doubts are normal and are encompassed within your faith—even Jesus doubted. But the good news is this—God has not abandoned you. He is with you through the people he puts in your life." Tamra said that call helped her remember all the many "people who could do nothing to fix my situation but did everything possible to help me through it."

A woman from Mankato, Minnesota, talked about the comfort she received from her former neighbor and friend, Jan, after her husband died. "She came to town for aerobics once a week. After the class she came over to my house. We had coffee

and talked. I will never forget those evenings."

What were some of the specific words that proved to be a

blessing?

Alvina, from Minnesota, said it was the words "so sorry" on a sympathy card she received from her friend Wilma, when her husband died suddenly from an aneurysm. "That said it all," Alvina wrote.

Barbara from St. Paul, who suffered a miscarriage, was comforted by a phone call from a co-worker named Jay. He said: "We are so sorry about your miscarriage. We were really looking forward to the baby and feel sad about it."

Harriet, from Minnesota, was comforted by a friend from church, Karen, who came to visit her a few days after she returned home from her mother's funeral. "She simply said, T

came to cry with you.' "

Alberta, from Kansas, received comfort from the visits of her pastor, Gregory, after her husband's death. Alberta wrote: "Nearly a year after my husband died, I still cried when talking about him. Pastor said, 'You miss him, don't you? It's OK to cry.'"

Phyllis, also from Minnesota, was grateful for what her friend Iona said when her child was diagnosed with multiple

He said: "We are so sorry about your miscarriage. We were real looking forward to the baby and feel sad about it."

nne, I thought of all that I should say to you, but then I thought that I would just tell you that I love you."

sclerosis: "This must be very hard for you. I don't know much

about this condition. Could you explain it to me?"

When Eleanor's husband died suddenly from a heart attack, "Ione, a friend at church, listened to me, and comforted me,

saying, I loved him too."

Henrietta, a pastor in Illinois, was grateful for the words of her uncle, also an ELCA pastor, after her father died. He said, "No matter how many funerals you do or people you help while they are grieving, it's a different ballgame when it's your father."

Anne, a pastor from Pennsylvania, wrote that she had never felt "the isolating power of death" until her 21-year-old brother—"a bright, sensitive, caring individual"—took his own life. "John's death happened as I was finishing my first year in the ministry," Anne explained. "I was full of energy and enthusiasm. But the chaos that came as I learned of my brother's death sent me into a far different world. . . ."

On her first Sunday back after the funeral, Anne wrote that "Some chose not to say anything about my brother's death. That brought a new pain inside me. As much as I tried to do my pastoral duties that morning, I felt empty and lost."

But as she turned around, there stood Barbara, a woman in the congregation who had known many struggles in her life. She walked toward me and said, "Anne, I thought of all that I should say to you, but then I thought that I would just tell

you that I love you."

Tears came "showering forth—but something very crucial had happened," Anne wrote. "Immersed in the isolating power of death, broken by the chaos that had tossed me to and fro, her words crossed over the darkness and reminded me that I was not alone. There still was great pain, there still was immeasurable loss, but there was someone who dared to speak a word that brought comfort and hope."

Anne concluded her letter: "I was reminded of the words we hear on Christmas Eve from the gospel of John: "The light shines in the darkness, and the darkness did not overcome it." Thanks be to God for the light of Christ that continues to shine

and remind us that we do not suffer alone."

Phyllis Kersten is vice president for communications at the Wheat Ridge Foundation. The third and final article in this series will appear in the October LWT.

EMBER 1991



At night I sing to my children. The hymn I sing most is the one we sang at each of their baptisms:

Thy holy wings O Savior, spread gently over me and let me rest securely through good and ill in Thee.

This hymn, "Thy Holy Wings" by Swedish composer Caroline Sandell, develops the image of God's wings wings that protect. The psalmist writes: "All people may take refuge in the shadow of your wings" (Psalm 36:7b). Jesus speaks of his own protecting wings when he says, "Jerusalem, Jerusalem. . . . How often have I desired to gather your children together as a hen gathers her brood under her wings, and you were not willing!" (Matthew 23:37).

God's wings also deliver. After the Exodus, God tells the Israelites, "You have seen . . . how I bore you on eagles' wings and brought you to my-

self" (Exodus 19:4).

And God's wings set free. As they enter the promised land, Moses tells the people, "As an eagle stirs up its nest, and hovers over its young; as it spreads its wings, takes them up, and bears them aloft on its pinions, the Lord alone guided [Israel]" (Deuteronomy 32:11-12). God is like an eagle pushing its young from the nest so they will learn to fly, then swooping under to catch them.

Further, God's wings renew. In his well-known poem "God's Grandeur," Gerard Manley Hopkins laments soiling of creation. He conclu that, nevertheless, God continue renew the world:

And though the last lights off the black West went Oh, morning, at the brown brink eastward, springs-Because the Holy Ghost over the bent

World broods with warm brea and with ah! bright wings.

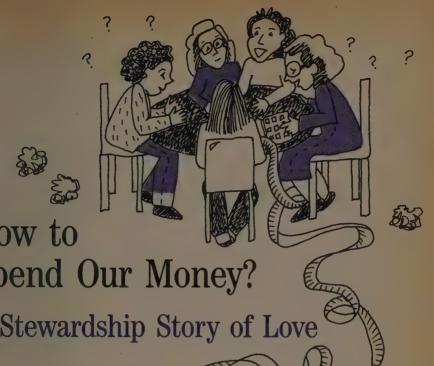
In the poem the sunrise rev the bright wings of the Holy Gl protecting its "brood," the wl "bent world," and brings the w nurture and new life.

May this be our prayer, that C wings protect, deliver, free, and new the world. And may we k the same blessing of life under the wings that I feel as I hold my sl ing son and sing,

O close thy wings around me and keep me safely there For I am but a newborn and need thy tender care.

"Thy Holy Wings" translated by G Grindal. Text copyright © 1983 G Grindal. Used by permission.

Morris Wee lives with his wife, I tine Carlson, and three son Northfield, Minnesota, where he pastor of St. John's Luthe Church. In the coming months column will explore a variety of lical images of God.



Betty Lee Nyhus

he Women of Love Lutheran Church are ecstatic; the year's offerings have come in well heir projected budget. They are fally happy because their per—and organizational—giving ts a real commitment to stewip.

w, Women of Love Lutheran is ollyanna" group. The board of en of Love has had more than are of tough meetings over important issues. The board meeting a year ago was difficult. The agenda seemed e enough: allocate money for gifts."

mifer recommended that the be divided equally among the 11 agencies. Kym noted a new er for homeless people that d help. "And don't forget the h pave-the-parking-lot fund," l Nina.

en Nancy, the newest board

member, asked "How do we decide how to use the money?" This led to other questions: "Wouldn't it be better to give larger gifts to fewer places?" "Why do the women give money to the parking-lot fund?" "How can we respond to the many local needs and still support the whole women's organization?"

After much discussion, the board decided not to decide—that night, anyway. Two board meetings and one general meeting later, with input from participants, Women of Love Lutheran Church adopted the following guidelines:

1. As Women of the ELCA at Love Lutheran Church, we commit ourselves to be stewards of God's gracious gifts. We remember 2 Corinthians 9:8: "And God is able to provide you with every blessing in abundance, so that by always having enough of everything, you may share abundantly in every good work." We therefore choose to "empty" Love Women's checkbook at the end of each year, as an act of trust.

2. Understanding that our offerings, united with the gifts of others, are a powerful witness, we pledge to support strongly the synodical and churchwide expressions of our women's organization. Thankofferings will be received quarterly and forwarded to the churchwide office. We will support one to two specific ministries of the ELCA and Women of the ELCA through Designated Gifts annually. Sixty percent of all other income, or \$1000, whichever is greater, shall go to our synodical women's organization on a regular basis.*

Containing monies shall be distributed according to the following guidelines:

 Does this expenditure support the purpose, aims and principles of

Women of the ELCA?

• Is this the responsibility of Women of Love Lutheran, or is this more appropriately supported through our church funds?

Does it enable our unit to be involved in faith and mission, in outreach, in social action, in witness to our church, local and global community?

• Is our contribution needed? Does the request represent a ministry opportunity for our unit, or is it simply someone's "favorite cause"?

Using their guidelines, Women of Love Lutheran Church decided to support a variety of ministries. Because they consider attracting younger women a priority, they decided to offer scholarships for t synodical women's organization vention to three younger wor They also gave Lutheran Woman day gift subscriptions to young we en confirmands.

Among other programs, the decided to support women and dren in poverty through a family eracy program. And because pave-the-parking-lot fund seep best supported through the word congregation, the women offere work with the property committee the congregation to develop a planeet this need.

Based on the guidelines, We en of Love Lutheran also no to many requests for regular ey. Among others, they did not tribute to the community parcommittee or even the hospital ciliary (this saddened Nancy, serves on that board too.) Saying to good causes was difficult, with guidelines to follow.

Your congregational unit of share similar challenges to those the fictional Women of Love Lut an Church. Not all of the requireceived can or should be support Your unit will want to ask—and swer—for themselves "How do guided by God, choose ministries support financially?"

Betty Lee Nyhus has been active church women's circles for over years. She is director of designing for the Evangelical Luthe Church in America. She served as first executive director of Wome the ELCA.

^{*}Delegates to Women of the ELCA's . Triennial Convention voted to encou congregational units to give 50 percer more of their offerings toward the wo the entire organization.

Beyond the Corner of the Hankie

Jenine E. Jordahl

omen impress me with their understanding of stewardship. Our foremothers saw needs in their congregations and in the world. Their commitment to respond to those needs was symbolized in part by the money they brought to give—often tied tightly in the corner of their handkerchiefs.

Holders of those hankies had the audacity to dream dreams, and to believe that their offerings could make a difference. They saw the gospel spreading out from the corner of their hankie.

From that vision, that audacity, a women's organization was born. While the view of ministry in the 20th century is somewhat different because our worldview has broadened, the commitment and energy for mission continue.

Women today have different choices and a wider arena of influence than did their foremothers. Responding to the call of the gospel today, women in congregational units give time to minister in food pantries, Bible studies, shelters for victims of domestic violence, prayer groups, quilting groups, hospices and support groups.

In addition to this time and energy focused on communities, Women of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America gathers in cluster/conference

lers of
hankies
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offerings
d make a

rence.

MBER 1991

groups and synodical organizations to celebrate gifts they share and share the gifts they bring gether they find new opportunities for minist enabling and empowering one another for gre joy and service.

These gifts are and above their regular church offer these gifts expand dreams into realities. How this happen? Let's look at the process.

Some of the money contributed might remathe area where it is donated to cover specific nand ministries determined by the local group. Sis given to the Synodical Women's Organiza Thankofferings and Designated Gifts travel direct to the churchwide office of Women of the El where they are appropriately allocated.

Through generous contributions, women in gregational units enable the organization to pre an annual gift of money to the Evangelical Luth Church in America—expressing the women's parship in, and unity with, the church. In 1990 gift amounted to \$1,275,000—money that the E

used to support domestic and global ministries. Some of the money contributed travels thresholded women's organization budgets to churchwide office. There, on the seventh flow 8765 W. Higgins Road in Chicago, in rented swith lights and telephones that cost money, sale staff members develop and shape programs an sources on our behalf.

Together, all expressions of Women of the E (churchwide, synodical and congregational) charged with the ministry of empowering women the church to live out their calling as disciples the needs of women across the nation are he Women of the ELCA responds by providing of tunities for women to grow in faith, develop least ship potential, make an impact on society by by ing caring communities, and participate in evidesigned to raise awareness and motivate to accommunities.

Individuals deeply committed to ministry to by women have also had the foresight to invest it ies in ways that keep on giving. For instance, and memorial funds have been established. Into on these investments provides scholarsh amounting to \$27,528 in 1990, which are given mature women returning to school to improve

Individuals
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and by
women have
had the
foresight to
invest monies
in ways that
keep on
giving.

and better live out their discipleship. In addigrants and financial support in the amount of 742 were given in 1990 to agencies and organns who serve and empower women worldwide. It forebears' dreams of "spreading the gospel" on new meaning in the summer of 1990 as the phase of our Woman to Woman program the 27 women from 25 countries to visit in synda congregations for six weeks. In 1991 and 27 Women of the ELCA will make visits to of the same partner churches. New underings and insights into the global community, not the diversity of gifts and strengths that out of interdependence, are gained by those elives have been touched by this program.

e important fact to remember: the givers who exciting programs happen are, themselves, Their sense of stewardship includes far more their money. In tight economic times it is imput to remember there is no dearth of "people" in our congregations. And where there is peopwer, there is no such thing as limited researches.

ted in the same gospel call our forbears heard, en of the ELCA continues to believe that we take a difference in the world. Change can occause we dare to dream dreams and empower of for discipleship into the next century. A comby of women, created in God's image, empowers God's spirit, committed to grow in faith, afgifts and support one another, moves forward the audacity and faith of our foremothers.

the gifts come—whether from the corner of the hankie, the family paycheck, a pay envelope or a Social Security check. And these gifts, given thankful, generous hearts, are blessed by God by reach places and meet needs unknown to the —promoting healing and wholeness in the h, the society and the world.

e Jordahl, Westby, Wisconsin, currently serves be president of Women of the ELCA. A social for at Bethel Home and Services, Viroqua, Wisto, and an active volunteer, she is a member of they-Coon Prairie Lutheran Church. The givers who help exciting programs happen are, themselves, gifts.



MISSION:

Growth

Time and Stewardship

Gail, can you do the decorations for the dinner next week? Mom, I need two new Number 2 pencils for the tests at school tomorrow. Maria, can you work overtime to finish this project tonight? Pamela, dear, can you stay with grandpa while I do some shopping on Saturday?

Does your life sometimes sound like this? As women in today's world, we are torn by conflicting demands on our time. By the time we respond to the needs of work, family and friends, there is no time for renewal.

The result of too much giving and not enough re-creation is the feeling that there is nothing left to give. Mental health professionals call it burnout. We hear a lot about the stress of too much to do. And we experience it when relationships falter because of lack of time, when our bodies rebel because we do not get enough rest, and when our relationship with God is put on the back burner.

Martin Luther is credited with saying that he had so much to do that he had to get up extra early to have time to pray about it all. He believed that the time spent in prayer helped him respond to the demands on his time. But simply saying, "Get up early and pray" is not going to solve the problem of too many conflicting demands.

One way to help is to consciously define the roles we have—mother,

daughter, homemaker, wife, frie employee, volunteer. And for each those roles, spend some time in preer asking for guidance in determing just how much time and eneare available to give. It may be to some things have to be deferred this point in life to allow time for er things. Or it may be that hell needed to respond to an area of n

Beginning each day by evaluating the tasks ahead, and asking God's help with each one, will help sort out the many demands and enable us to focus our time and energ

The important thing is to de those things that are important and to respond to them first. member that often what is *urgen* not what's *important*.)

Luther's model can work for Beginning each day by evaluathe tasks ahead, and asking Ghelp with each one, will help sort the many demands and enable uf focus our time and energy. Then never enough time to do everyth but with God's help we can make the time to do the important things.

Patricia Robert Director for Leaders Developn

MISSION:

action

A Friday Morning

h Friday morning at ROAR h Out And Read), a parent and literacy/parenting skills pron at Augustana Lutheran ch in Hyde Park, Chicago.

I arrive, I see only tutors.

e are the participants?

lid not come because someone a shot into her house at her nter during the night; the famas to figure out how to move where else today.

vants very much to come but his r, who Y has been told is not has been put on a bus and is to arrive in Chicago "some-

today.

really wants to come, but her and is expecting a very expennusical instrument to be delivand she has to remain at home cept the delivery.

has a new weekend job and it dare arrive late for work.

of these students called in to in their absence with regret. are sorry to miss today, when roup planned to share their percollections with each other. besides, their lives are inter-

besides, their lives are interd, for tutors and students have to care and be concerned for

nother.

s the first participant to arrive. has brought her collection with and shares a wealth of knowlabout it. It is clear she is able arn mounds about what interests her. Why wasn't she plugged into the joys of reading early in life?

Out of breath, Q arrives saying she asked a neighbor to do her an enormous favor and take in the instrument. She brings a collection that

Students and tutors have come to care and be concerned for one another.

displays obvious artistic talent. What turned her off from reading in school?

The conversation around the table is lively, energetic, spontaneous! When it is time to quit, no one wants to. S will bring more of her collection next week. Q invites everyone to her apartment Friday to view the rest of her large collection.

It's a Friday morning at ROAR. And in sharing the problems and the joys and the "stuff" of life, literacy

happens.

For further information about ROAR, see "Two R's: Reading and Relationships" in the September 1990 Lutheran Woman Today, or call the Director for Literacy at 800-638-3522, extension 2736.

Faith Fretheim Director for Literacy

MISSION:

Community

Where Your Offerings Go

Offerings reflect relationships. With our offerings of money, we rour joy and gratitude for God's love and mercy and also support variety of ministries in the global community. This diagram does reflect all of our relationships, but is a broad overview of where your offerings go and how they are used.

Director for Communication and Stewardship Interp

Resources for congregational units and participants

- Cluster/conference events
 - Conventions
- Leadership gatherings
- Organizational support
- Retreats
- Synodical newsletter

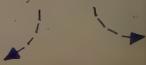
SYNODICAL WOMEN'S ORGANIZATION regular offering

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Synodical ministries

- Ecumenical liaisons
- Ministries in the synod
 - Synod council participation
- Synodical liaisons



Women of the ELCA

Congregational unit ministries

- Affirmation of women
- Family, ecumenical and cross-cultural relations
- Leadership development
- Local ministries
- Ministries in the congregation
- Programs and events
- Service projects
- Working for justice

KEY:

Solid lines show offerings given. Dotted lines show how offerings are used to provide resources and ministries.

Resources for congregational units and participants

- Bible studies
- Evangelism and stewardship resources
- Leadership development resources
- Literacy resources
- Lutheran Woman Today
- One in Christ events
- One in Christ speakers bureau
- Program resources
- **Scholarships**
- Theological conferences
- Triennial convention and workshops
- Women of the ELCA Newsletter

UNIT INDIVIDUAL **PARTICIPANTS**

CONGREGATIONAL

special offerings a

Resources for synodical women's organizations

- Board representation at conventions
- Leadership gatherings One in Christ events
- Press releases
- Support for clusters/conferences
- Support for mission areas
- Woman to Woman
- Women of the ELCA Newsletter

CHURCHWIDE WOMEN'S **ORGANIZATION**

Churchwide ministries

- Ecumenical relations
- ELCA ministries (for example, world hunger, missionary support)
- Gift to the ELCA
- Grants for development of human
- Women of the ELCA ministries

The

Design of Designated Gifts Bonnie Belasic

Design. Designate. These words trigger images of organization: plan and patte creativity, deliberate action. Designated gifts are an essential part of Women of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America's plat to carry out its purpose.

Each year Women of the ELCA highlights specific ministries of the entire church, as well of the women's organization, for which gifts may be designated over and above regular offerings

During 1991, Women of the ELCA highlight for designated gifts 13 specific ministries of the ELCA and 9 Women of the ELCA-related minitries (see pp. 41-42). Women of the ELCA is committed to giving \$500,000 in 1991 to the ELCA designated ministries, and these monie will be given to the ELCA as part of a special offering titled "Women of the ELCA Gift to the Church."

The "design" of these designated gifts recognizes the commitment of women to the minist of the whole church, their zeal for the gospel, at their global perspective as they consider the needs of people and opportunities for response

ortunities for gnated gifts for istries of the ELCA

A World Hunger Appeal ram No. 555 \$100,000 ionary Support ram No. 570 \$100,000

rseas Scholarships ram No. 572 \$50,000

munity Outreach Coordir, Savannah, Georgia ram No. 575 \$12,000

ference for Women Faculty LCA Seminaries ram No. 576 \$3.000

vesting Our Potential ference ram No. 577 \$2.000

th Care, Liberia ram No. 578 \$50,000

Leadership Development frica ram No. 579 \$32,000

teran Center for Lay stry Coordinator, Region 8 ram No. 580 \$25,000

stry among Struggling ons, Central and South rica ram No. 581 \$75,000

reat for ELCA Women in luate Studies or Teaching heological Disciplines ram No. 582 \$5,000

al Response Coordinators onsin, Minnesota, Iowa cam No. 583 \$21,000

un Evangelism a and Asia

cam No. 584 \$25,000



Gifts designated for women and children in poverty can help to feed children who might otherwise go to bed hungry.

Opportunities for designated gifts for specific ministries of Women of the ELCA

Campaign in Support of Women in Namibia

Program No. 527 \$40,000

Women and Children in Poverty

Program No. 528 \$40,000

Scholarships to Theological Conferences

Program No. 529 \$6,000

Integrity of Creation Conference Resources

Program No. 585 \$5,000

Scholarships to Evangelism Events

Program No. 586 \$5,000

Stewardship Consultation for Business Owners and Managers

Program No. 587 \$35,000

Supporting Families in the '90s Program No. 588 \$5,000

41

EMBER 1991

The Ecumenical Decade: Churches in Solidarity with Women, 1988-1998 Program No. 589 \$5,000

Volunteer Reading Aides

(Literacy)

Program No. 590 \$35,000

Creativity by Design

Have you ever gotten so excited about an opportunity that you couldn't keep it to yourself? Your enthusiasm for designated gifts can help women—and others—in your congregation get excited about spreading God's good news. Here are some ideas to get you started:

• Share the list of the designated gifts with participants in your congregation. Print the list in the bulletin, newsletter, or on poster board. Ask individuals and/or families to choose one or more ministries to sup-

port.

• On a large map, mark the locations where designated gifts will make a difference in people's lives. As people contribute to a specific ministry, pin their names to the appropriate area of the map.

Regularly include these ministries in the prayers of the church on

Sunday mornings.

• Give "temple talks" several times during the year describing one or more of these opportunities for designated giving.

• Ask older adults and children to design a container, or plan an event, for receiving designated gifts.

• **Hang a globe** in your narthex with a banner that reads, "Designated gifts circle the globe with care."

 Invite a missionary, or someone who has visited a country that needs designated gifts, to share her or his experience, slides, or display of it from that country.

Purposeful Design

The word *designate* implies and quires action. Responding to m try opportunities and needs designated gifts is one way to dively carry out Women of the EL purposes.

Design. Designate. Design gifts: a way to support specific istries for the sake of the gospel

May God bless the gifts of twho give and those who recamen. ■

Bonnie Belasic serves the churc director for communications stewardship interpretation for V en of the ELCA.

For more information

about the ministries to receidesignated gifts in 1991, see to Designated Gifts for Special Ministries of Women of the ELCA 1991 brochure (code 69047) and the 1991 Gift to the Church brochure (code 68-904 Multiple copies of the brochum may be ordered free of charge except postage and a \$3.25 had ling fee per order, from ELC Distribution Services, 1-80 328-4648.

Send designated gifts

Women of the ELCA, 8765 Higgins Road, Chicago, 60631-4189. Make checks pay ble to "Women of the ELCA with the program number not on the check.

HANKOFFERINGS

each In, each Out



nie Belasic

decessor women's organization provided this verse on its koffering box:

Conternig box:

daily gift, a daily prayer. That e world Christ may share." en we think about Thankoffer-

as one expression of our stewtip, the three components of this can provide insights into why en of the Evangelical Lutheran och in America encourages kofferings.

aily gift

plessings of God are all around he offering box used by many en provides a way to acknowl-God's presence and activity in life. Robin rides her bike to Each day when she arrives safely, she puts a quarter into hankoffering box on top of the erator. Ingrid is aging rapidly till moves about with a walker. laily adds a dime to the Thankng box. Kim has two healthy ren who are exploring stairs, ies and corners. Her Thankofbox registers her delight in two gifts of God.

A daily prayer

Thank you, gracious God, for safe bike rides, for bodies that adapt to age and for children who make everyday things so special. As Robin, Ingrid and Kim make their daily offering, it is made with prayerful thankfulness. A daily offering is a gentle reminder to recall God's gifts with thanks.

That all the world Christ may share

Thankofferings provide an opportunity to share the gospel of Jesus Christ throughout the world. When Thankofferings leave your hands, they are sent to the churchwide Women of the ELCA for use in one of two ways:

in support of the triennial emphasis of Women of the ELCA—programs and projects for women and children in poverty, or

in support of the total outreach of the ELCA through the women's organization special contribution titled "Gift to the Church."

Through your Thankofferings you

EMBER 1991 43

will reach in—to discover and give thanks for God's blessings in your life—and reach out—to provide programs of witness, nurture, justice, unity, leadership and mutual support in mission.

In 1991, your Thankofferings will

support ministries like these:

Ministries carried out by Women of the ELCA

Ministries for and with women and children in poverty.

Ministries carried out by the ELCA

- Village development in Central African Republic
- Supporting leaders through continuing education
- Resources for day-care and preschool teachers
- Ministries for women and children in poverty
- Nutrition and housing advocacy
- Outreach among women in India
- International scholarships for women church leaders

- Theological education in Hong Kong
- Leadership development with Namibian students
- Relating ecumenically with college students
- Children growing in stewardship: the Peli-can project
- Communicating through public media
- Health and agriculture ministries in Peru.

Reach in and reach out with y Thankofferings. Send checks m payable to "Women of the ELCA Women of the ELCA, 8765 W. I gins Road, Chicago, IL 606 4189. ■

Bonnie Belasic, Director for C munication and Stewardship In pretation, Women of the ELCA

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Stewardship Retreat

"Money, Security and Spirituality: Exploring the Activity of God in Our Lives" is the name of a new retreat opportunity for Women of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America. This event provides a supportive environment for women to explore who they are as women, as women of faith, and as women of faith with wealth of varying degrees and configurations.

Do you see yourself as not "having money"? Are you responsible for managing family money? Does money affect your security? Your self-esteem? Your faith? How do the values you hold about faith and money conflict with, or support, the other? What are the questions with w you struggle related to faith, sect and money?

If these questions touch you, this is your event. It has no age other than to help you explore activity of God in your life as it lates to money, security and spin ality—through Bible study, wors silent times to listen to God, grainteraction and guided discuss For more specific information on event, scheduled for November 1s at St. Mary College in Leavenwork Kansas (not far from Kansas Cwrite: MSS Event, Women of ELCA, 8765 W. Higgins Road, cago, IL 60631-4189.—BB

Our Smallest Gift Is Blessed

Karen Parsons

Leader: God blesses us with every good gift and multiplies the seed we sow.

All: Thanks and praise be to God!

Leader: The surpassing grace of God is in you.

All: Thanks and praise be to God!

Hymn (sung by all or soloist):

"O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer" by Jane Parker Huber.* Sung to the tune "Rest" (see *Lutheran Book of Worship* 506).

- O God, you hear our every prayer,
 Whate'er our land or tongue.
 We join with others everywhere
 In praise of you, our gifts to share,
 Wherever songs are sung.
- Our weakness is made strong in you.
 Our smallest gift is blessed.
 Our vision, stretched to worldwide view,
 Gives us a larger family too,
 To meet life's every test.
- 3 Our partnership, sealed by our Lord, Empowers our will this day.
 Together we move onward toward A world renewed, of one accord, In joyful work and play.
- 4 So may our prayers fill every hour And never, never cease,
 Refreshing as a summer shower
 To bring from bud to fullest flower
 Your perfect will of peace.

EMBER 1991 45

^{*}Text copyright © 1981 Jane Parker Huber from A Singing Faith. Used by permission of Westminster/John Knox Press.

A THANKOFFERING

Reading: Psalm 138, New Revised Standard Version (read responsively with the reader, alternating verses.)

1 I give you thanks, O Lord, with my whole heart; before the gods I sing your praise;

2 I bow down toward your holy temple and give thanks to your name for your steadfast love and your faithfulness;

for you have exalted your name and your word above everything.

3 On the day I called, you answered me, you increased my strength of soul.

4 All the kings of the earth shall praise you, O Lord, for they have heard the words of your mouth.

5 They shall sing of the ways of the Lord, for great is the glory of the Lord.

6 For though the Lord is high, he regards the lowly; but the haughty he perceives from far away.

7 Though I walk in the midst of trouble, you preserve me against the wrath of my enemies; you stretch out your hand, and your right hand delivers me.

8 The Lord will fulfill his purpose for me; your steadfast love, O Lord, endures forever. Do not forsake the work of your hands.

All sing: Stanza 1 of "O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer"

Leader: The Lord be with you.

All: And also with you.

Leader: O God, you who hear our every prayer, listen with kindness as we offer our thanks and praise. Even in the midst of trouble, you bless us with your steadfast love. We sing of your glories, O Lord; your glories are great. Amen.

Reading: 1 Corinthians 1:4-9

All sing: Stanza 2 of "O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer"

Leader: We praise you, God, for your faithfulness. We thank you for your grace which we have received so abundantly through Jesus Christ, and for the blessings that strengthen us. Continue to stretch our vision that we might embrace your whole creation. Amen

Reading: Romans 12:4-5 John 13:34-35

All sing: Stanza 3 of "O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer"

A THANKOFFERING

Leader: God, we praise you and thank you for the wonderful way in which love builds us up and makes us whole. We thank you for the gifts of each person here and we ask your blessing on these gifts, that as they are used to strengthen the body of Christ, love will go forth from here, in one accord, to share your love with the world. Amen.

Reading: 1 Thessalonians 5:16-18

All sing: Stanza 4 of "O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer"

Leader: For the refreshing gift of prayer, O God, we give you thanks. We thank you that in your abundant love you have given us the confidence of trusting your presence in our lives. Bless us with hearts filled with thankfulness and joy. Amen.

Offering Litany

Leader: Let us be joyful givers.

All: We come with joy to give from the abundance of God's blessings to us!

Leader: Let us be prayerful givers.

All: We come with the confidence that God answers our prayers.

Leader: Let us be thankful givers.

All: We come to give thanks for all of life.

Offering: (The Thankofferings may be brought forward, or collected and brought forward.)

Hymn (all sing): "O God, You Hear Our Every Prayer"

Closing Prayer (*All*): O God, you *do* hear our every prayer . . . and for that we give you our humble thanks. Unite us, we pray, to live as the body of Christ in our world that your love may abound.

For every blessing you give us in abundance we give you thanks . . . and we pray that we may know the joy of sharing abundantly in every good thing.

In the name of Jesus, the giver of abundant life, we pray. Amen.

Leader: Go in peace, serve the Lord.

All: Thanks be to God!

The Rev. Karen Parsons is pastor of a yoked parish in the southern suburbs of Chicago: House of Prayer in Country Club Hills and Holy Trinity in Matteson.

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My Prayer of Thanksgivin

Reflect on the words of Scripture used in the Thankoffering gram (see pages 45 to 47 of this issue). Allow these passage inspire your own prayers of thanksgiving and praise. (You wish to write your prayers in the spaces available here.)

Read Psalm 138. How have you experienced God's steal love, even in the midst of troubles? What does "great is the of the Lord" mean to you?

My prayer of thanksgiving: God, your glory is great; I pyou for . . .

Read 1 Corinthians 1:4-9. How have you been enriched strengthened because of the grace of God given you in O Jesus?

My prayer of thanksgiving: Thank you, loving Lord, for that sustain me: gifts of . . .

Read Romans 12:4-5 and John 13:34-35. How has Chricommunity (church, 'circle, family) supported you, helped grow in faith?

My prayer of thanksgiving: God of one, God of all, I reme with thankfulness your faithful servant(s)...

Read 1 Thessalonians 5:16-18. Are there circumstant your life that make it difficult for you to be thankful? When easier to be thankful? When is it tougher? How are you ble What caused you to rejoice recently?

My prayer of thanksgiving: Alleluia! With joy I offer thand praise for . . .

With praise and thanksgiving I recall your abundant good O God, and ask that the blessings and gifts you grant streng me for your service. In the name of Jesus, source of abundant Amen.

The Rev. Karen Pa Country Club Hills, Il

◆ BULLETIN BOARD ◆

omen of e ELCA and for the evelopment of uman Resources

h year Women of the Evangel-Lutheran Church in America es small grants of money to ects that enhance human develnent, especially among women. 1991 three grants of several usand dollars each were arded. In awarding the grants, ority is given to projects that ve those with the greatest need. h value is placed on projects t contribute to self-determinaand empowerment, rather n dependency. Projects should e some association with the CA or Women of the ELCA. applications for grants must be mitted to Women of the ELCA ween December 1, 1991 and

March 15, 1992. Recipients will be chosen in April and receive funding in May. For an application and/or further information write:

Women of the ELCA Grants Program, 8765 West Higgins Road, Chicago, IL 60631-4189

♦ HONOR ROLL ♦

Congratulations to the latest honor roll congregation:

• Bethany; Grantsburg, Wisconsin.

Honor roll congregations are those in which every woman in the congregation subscribes, and/or is gifted with a subscription to Lutheran Woman Today. To let LWT know of an honor roll congregation, write: LWT Honor Roll, Box 1209, Minneapolis, MN 55440, Attention: Anita Oachs.

dividual subscriptions at \$8.00 (regular and big print) may be sent to:

Lutheran Woman Today Circulation

Box 59303 Minneapolis, MN 55459-0303

(Group subscriptions may be available in your congregation.)

DRESS ______ STATE _____ ZIP _____

standard print \$8.00 big print \$8.00 big print \$8.00 \$5.00 for addresses outside North America.

dit Card exp. date ______Signature _____(All credit card orders must be signed)



"Truly I tell you, this
poor widow has put in
more than all of them; for
all of them have contributed
out of their abundance,
but she out of her poverty
has put in all she had
to live on."

Luke 21:3-4



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